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THE DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMARY, MIDDLE SCHOOL AND HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF GUJARAT

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A B S T R A C T

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The basic purpose of education was holistic development of a child as a person. But it was a fact that education by itself could not have achieved this goal. To study about primary education in Gujarat. To study about Middle school education in Gujarat. To study about Higher secondary education in Gujarat. Gujarat government website and information provided by these websites will also be used as tools for the study. The study being qualitative nature, the above means have been used. Interview methods have been utilized with Education Minister and Information Commissioner. In this research technique selection. It us possible to choose certain units from the given population or units which would truly represent the qualities of the selected sample. Low rate of drop out in Gujarat much increase. In Gujarat year 2001 in 10,402 school toilet facility was found grow up in 2013 are 86765 schools these called development of education. That study is related of education for all people is useful. The development of education as facilities are paid useful amanitas that's like drinking water facility, toilet facility is paid the know of this topic are very useful.

Introduction

The development of education is the precondition for the development of society, Special facilities and privileges have been provided by the Government of Gujarat for the development of primary school education, middle school education, high school education, higher secondary education, University, technical education and education of special children.

In a socialist, democratic setup social justice was considered of importance. For the purpose of providing social justice in society was provided with facility for primary, middle school, high school and higher education, Everyone had the opportunity to be admitted to all education institutions. Everyone had euual opportunities for academic excellence.

The basic purpose of education was holistic development of a child as a person. But it was a fact that education by itself could not have achieved this goal. To attain this goal what else could be brought in focus ? Different aspects of education were duly considered like the subjects that were taught, syllabus, teaching methods, teaching policy, disciplinary methods, interrelationship between student and teacher, student behavior, student assessment.

OBJECTIVEY OF RESEARCH

- To study about primary education in Gujarat.
- To study about Middle school education in Gujarat.
- To study about Higher secondary education in Gujarat.

➢ QUESTION OF RESEARCH

- How is the Primary education being given in Gujarat ?
- How is the organisation of middle school education in Gujarat?
- What is the status of Higher Secondary education in Gujarat ?

RESEARCH TOOL

Keeping the purpose of research, the following methods have been prescribed to use the tools.

For the purpose of the study, the scholar would be using the documented literature. Arranging meetings with the education Minister and Information Commissioner help will be taken to collect literature and other relevant materials. Gujarat government website and information provided by these websites will also be used as tools for the study.

> ANALYSIS

The material and literature that is collected not for reaching any solution to present problems, but for future use is called qualitative data.

There is no hurdle in accessing original data for generating qualitative data. This is a simple and friendly means to get the data.

The study being qualitative nature, the above means have been used. Interview methods have been utilized with Education Minister and Information Commissioner.

METHOD OF DATA COLLECTION

When a specific intention or purpose is kept in focus and some units are selected for sample study it is called purposeful or thoughtful paradigm. The basis of this selection is that familiarity with the different characteristics of the selected sample enables a well thought out study band helps the scholar to select the most relevant representative units.

In this, research technique selection. It us possible to choose certain units from the given population or units which would truly represent the qualities of the selected sample.

CONCLUSION OF RESEARCH

Below conclusion is found of these present studies.

- 1. Low rate of drop out in Gujarat much increase.
- In Gujarat year 2001 in 10,402 school toilet facility was found grow up in 2013 are 86765 schools these called development of education.
- 3. Education department in Gujarat government total 3471 schools sum of 43.53 lacks child for mid-day meal on year 2009-10 is development of child is 3930051.
- 4. They are available in computer in schools.

5. The total child development service scheme in state of Gujarat total 50,123 aanganwadi centre are in government building at the 93,290 women's are served in aaganwadi.

EDUCATIONAL ACHIVMENTS

- 1. That study is related of education for all people is useful. The development of education as facilities are paid useful amanitas that's like drinking water facility, toilet facility is paid the know of this topic are very useful.
- The part development is education. Technical development in education is utilities of technique if computer, computer lab, smart classes without is not development of education is not doing them very important in education are proved the study and research.
- 3. This study in Gujarat state for development of education at different type of experience for development of education in any experience is qualified. These studies are in education developments importance are increase and utilise in education.
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